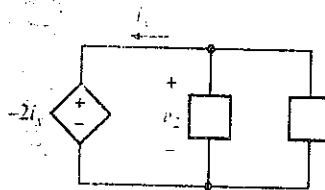


Note: All questions are compulsory. Marks are indicated against each question in square brackets.

Q1- (a) The dependent source in the given circuit provides a voltage whose value depends on the current i_x . What value of i_x is required for the dependent source to be supplying 1 W? [2] CO1



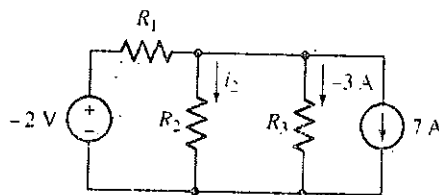
(b) A constant current of 1 ampere is measured flowing into the positive terminal of a pair of leads whose voltage we'll call V_p . Calculate the absorbed power at $t = 1$ sec if $V_p(t)$ equals (i) -1 V; (ii) $4e^{-2t}$ V, (iii) Explain the significance of a negative value for absorbed power. [3] CO1

Q2- (a) With respect to electrical circuits explain the following terms-

- (i) Circuit (ii) Node (iii) Branch (iv) Path

[2] CO1

(b) The voltage source in the given circuit has a current of 1 A flowing out of its positive terminal into resistor R_1 . Calculate the current i_2 . [3] CO1



Q3-(a) For a parallel combination of N resistors, prove that the current through resistor R_k is-

$$i_k = i \frac{\frac{1}{R_k}}{\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{R_N}}$$

[2] CO1

(b) For the given circuit, determine the nodal voltages v_1 and v_2 .

[3] CO1

