

Dr. Rajiv Garguly

JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT
TEST 1 EXAMINATION (February- 2019)
B. Tech. (VI- SEM.)

COURSE CODE: 10B11CE613

MAX. MARKS: 15

COURSE NAME: Sewage Treatment and Disposal

COURSE CREDIT: 4

MAX. TIME: 1 HR

Note: Attempt all Questions. Carrying of mobile phones during exams will be treated as case of unfair means. Assume suitable data if required.

1. Determine the design discharge for a combined sewer system serving a population of 120,000 with a wastewater generation rate of 125 lpcd. The catchment area is 150 hectares and the average run off coefficient is 0.75. The time of duration of design rainfall is 60 minutes. (3)
2. With a neat working sketch, explain the functioning of the vacuum sanitary sewer system (3)
3. With a neat sketch, explain the suitability of interceptor type of collection system (3)
4. In the context of population forecasting, 'The logistic curve method utilizes other population forecasting methods for predicting the population'. Justify the statement with a neat sketch. (3)
5. A lateral is to be designed for a city of 80km². It will cover 45% residential, 35% commercial and 20% Industrial areas. The residential area is designed for 30% large lots, 35% small single family lots, 25% small two family lots and 10% for multistoried apartments. The average domestic wastewater flow rate is 9.5×10^{-6} m³/sec/person, commercial flow rate 3.2×10^{-4} m³/sec/ha and the industrial flow rate is 4.75×10^{-4} m³/sec/ha. Infiltration and Inflow occurs for about 80% of the area and has a flow rate of 1500 l/d/ha. Calculate the maximum and the minimum flows required to be maintained in the sewer. The saturation densities for the residential areas are given in the following table (3).

Type of area	Density (persons/ha)
Large lots	9
Small lots, single family	80
Small lots, two family	130
Multistoried apartments	2700