

COURSE CODE: 17B11EC511

MAX. MARKS: 25

COURSE NAME: Linear Integrated Circuits

COURSE CREDITS: 04

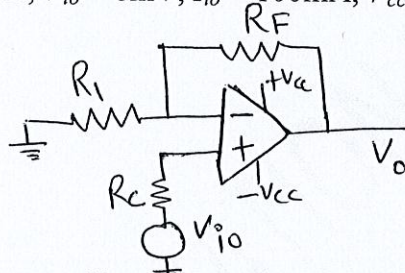
MAX. TIME: 1.5 HRS

Note: All questions are compulsory. Carrying of mobile phone during examinations will be treated as case of unfair means. Marks are indicated against each question in square brackets.

Q1. For a non-inverting amplifier, determine the – [2+1+2]

- a) Maximum possible output offset voltage V_{oo} due to input offset voltage V_{io} and input offset current I_{io} .
- b) What value of compensating resistance R_c is needed to reduce the effect of input offset current.
- c) What is the effect of input offset voltage and input offset current on the output voltage V_o

$R_I = 100\Omega$, $R_F = 10K\Omega$, $V_{io} = 6mV$, $I_{io} = 100\mu A$, $V_{cc} = \pm 15V$, $I_B = 500nA$, $V_{in} = 10mV$



Q2. Draw the circuit diagram of instrumentation amplifier and show that under unbalanced condition-

$$V_{ab} = -\frac{\Delta R V_{dc}}{2(2R + \Delta R)} \quad \text{and} \quad V_o = \frac{\Delta R R_f V_{dc}}{4RR_1} \quad [3+2]$$

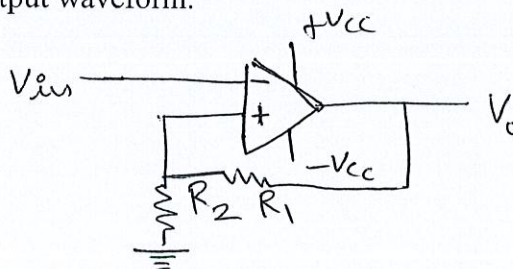
Assume that under unbalanced condition change in the transducer resistance (R_T) is ΔR . Also assume that $R_A = R_B = R_C = R_T = R$.

Q3. For the positive clamper circuit, draw the output wave form, if V_{in} is 500mV peak sine wave at 100Hz and $V_{ref} = +200mV$. [5]

Q4. In the give circuit $R_1 = 68 k\Omega$, $R_2 = 150\Omega$, $V_{in} = 500mV$ P-P sine wave and $V_{sat} = \pm 14V$

- a) Determine the threshold voltages $\pm V_T$
- b) Draw the output waveform.

[2+5]



Q5. Design a fourth order low pass Butterworth filter at a cut off frequency of 1kHz using IC741. Also draw the schematic diagram with component values. [5]