## JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT TEST -3 EXAMINATION- 2025

B.Tech-V Semester (CSE/IT)

COURSE CODE (CREDITS): 18B1WPH532 (03) COURSE NAME: APPLIED MATERIALS SCIENCE

MAX. MARKS: 35

COURSE INSTRUCTORS: PBB, VSA, SKT, SBA, HAZ

MAX. TIME: 2 Hour

Note: (a) All questions are compulsory.

(b) The candidate is allowed to make Suitable numeric assumptions wherever required for solving problems. Scientific Calculators are allowed.

Q.No	Question	CO	Moules	
Q1	(a) How did the London brothers using mathematical derivation justify the penetration	CO	Marks 4	
	magnetic flux in superconducting thin films?	JA .	4	
!	(b) Determine the transition temperature and critical field at 4.2 K for a given are kind.	3	3	
	a superconductor if the critical fields are 1.4x10° A/m and 4.205x10° A/m at 14 k and 1.3			
	IN respectively.		-	
i	(c) The critical temperature for mercury with isotopic mass 202 is 4.159 N. Determine its	3	1	
, <del></del>	critical temperature when its isotopic mass is 200.7		^	
_2	(a) Derive an expression to calculate the dispersion in an optical fiber.	4	2	
ı	(0) A ray of light enters from air to fibre. The fibre has refractive index of core 1.5 and	3	2	
	cladding 1.48. Find the critical angle, fractional refractive index acceptance angle and			
	numerical aperture.			
	(c) The refractive index of core and cladding of a fibre are 1.465 and 1.460 respectively	5	2	
	and the wavelength of light used is 1.25 um. What should be the diameter of core for		i	
	single mode propagation? If the core diameter is changed to 50 um, how many modes can propagate through this fibre.			
}	(d) Assuming that the critical magnetic C.1301 % 1			
	(d) Assuming that the critical magnetic field depends on T, find the critical current density for a 0.1 cm diameter of lead at 4 K. Take critical temperature for lead 7.18 K and critical field for lead 6.51 × 104 A/	3	2	
	field for lead 6.51x10 <sup>4</sup> A/m.			
Q3	(a) A signal of power 5 μW exist just inside the 1 km long fibre. Calculate the absorption coefficient of the fibre if the power is the the fibre if the power is the fibre in the power is the fibre in the power is the fibre in the fibre in the power is the fibre in the fibre in the power is the fibre in the fibre in the power is the fibre in the fibre in the power is the fibre in the fibre in the power is the fibre in the power is the fibre in the fibre in the power is the fibre in the fibre in the power is the fibre in the fibre in the power is the power in the fibre in the power is the power in the power is the power in the power is the power in the power in the power is the power in the power i			
`	coefficient of the fibre if the power inside the fiber is $1 \mu W$ .	4	1	
	(b) Discuss the mechanisms through which polymers can be made conducting	1		
. [	(c) Crosslinked copolymers consisting of 60 wt% ethylene (CoHz) and 40 wt% annual		3	
1	(C3716) may have clastic properties similar to those for natural rubban. For a construing of	3	2	
	this composition, determine the fraction of both reneat unit types	}		
ر4	(a) For 8-bit display, how many colours can be displayed? Also, define dot pitch in	4	2	
	displays.	7	2	
İ	(b) Analyse the ferroelectric behaviour of PbTiO <sub>3</sub> for application at low and high	5	2	
L	temperatures	Ť   '	-	
	(c) An electron revolving with angular velocity ω in an orbit of radius r around the nucleus	1 /	2	
	generates magnetic moment. Justify the statement with suitable derivation	· / ·		
Q3	(a) Angelement with FCC structure has 4 atoms per unit cell. The radius of atom is 1.85 k	1	3	
L	estimate the order of diamagnetic susceptibility.	_   '		
	(b) Deduce the expression for the energy loss in a dielectric and correlate this with the loss	$\overline{1}$ 3	3	
[1]	angent.	- 1	1.	
(	(c) A parallel-plate capacitor has plates of area 0.1 m <sup>2</sup> and carries a charge of 9 nC. What	3 1		
1 1	Side electric field between the plotocy			
zonsiani	Constants: $m_e = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$ ; $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$ ; $N_A = 6.023 \times 10^{23}$ ; $k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$ ; $\varepsilon_o = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F/m}$ ; $\mu_B = 9.27 \times 10^{-24} \text{ Am}^2$ ;			