JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT

Make-up Examination-Nov-2025

COURSE CODE (CREDITS): 21MS1MBT113 (2)

MAX. MARKS: 25

COURSE NAME: FUNGAL BIOLOGY

COURSE INSTRUCTORS: DR, JATA SHANKAR

MAX. TIME: 1 Hour 30 Minutes

Note: Note: (a) All questions are compulsory.

(b) The candidate is allowed to make Suitable numeric assumptions wherever required for solving problems

Q.No	Question	Marks
Q1	What is aflatoxin and explain its biological significance? Discuss the	4
	different types of aflatoxins produced by Aspergillus flavus and their	
	toxicological importance. Illustrate the general chemical structure of	
	aflatoxin, describing its key functional groups and more cular	
	characteristics that contribute to its stability and toxicity.	
Q2	Describe the various stages in the life cycle of the model organism	4
•	Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Explain both the haploid and diploid phases,	
	including the processes of budding, mating, sporulation, and germination.	
	Discuss the approximate time duraffar required for S. cerevisiae to	
	complete one full life cycle under optimal laboratory condition?	
Q3	Describe the classification of tangi based on their morphological,	4
	reproductive, and molecular characteristics. Explain the major groups of	,
	fungi with suitable examples and distinguishing features of each group.	
Q4	What is Tempel? Describe its method of production, the microorganisms	4
	involved in its fermentation process, and its nutritional and health	
•,	significance. Discuss how microbial activity contributes to the texture,	
<i>.</i>	flavor, and digestibility of Tempeh	
Q5	What are mushrooms? Describe their structure, classification, and life	4.5
IIII	excle. Explain the process of mushroom cultivation and discuss their	
THE WHITE WALL	Excle. Explain the process of mushroom cultivation and discuss their autritional, medicinal, and economic importance Fungal pathogens of plants can penetrate the intact surface of their hosts	
Q6 🕻	Fungal pathogens of plants can penetrate the intact surface of their hosts	4.5
	by forming specialized infection structures. Describe the different types of	
	infection structures developed by plant pathogenic fungi and explain their	
	roles in host invasion	