JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT TEST -3 EXAMINATION- 2024

B.Tech-III Semester (CSE/IT)

COURSE CODE (CREDITS):18B11CI313 (3) -

MAX. MARKS: 35

COURSE NAME: Database Management Systems

COURSE INSTRUCTORS: Pardeep, Ekta, Nishant & Pankaj

MAX. TIME: 2 Hours

Note: (a) All questions are compulsory.

(b) The candidate is allowed to make Suitable numeric assumptions wherever required for solving problems

	jors	solving proble	4765		1/2 Bo	
	Q.No		Que	estion (* **	CO_	Marks
	Q1	(a) Cons	ider the three tran	sactions T1, T2 and T3 in the	CO-5	[6+3]
	given below schedule:					
		T1 ,	T2	T3		
		R(a)				
			W(a)			
			. ,			
		W(a)				
		` `	8			
		İ				
		-				
				W(a)		
		4		*		
		Find the serial schedule corresponding to the above parallel schedule.				
						!
		l ' / //	66. ·	ditions for a deadlock to occur in		.
				th suitable transaction schedule		
		exam	ples.			
	Q2 Consider the three transactions T1, T2 and T3 with time stamps				CO-5	7
			below schedule:			
		T1 (100)	T2 (200)	T3 (300)		
84. 3.	W. W.	*R(A)				
1			R(B)	·		
				·		
		W(C)			!	
				R(B)		1
ļ		R(C)	111(7)	[
			♦ W(B)	*		
		<u> </u>		W(A)		L

[
	Show the sequence of execution of these transactions as per time stamp-based protocol.			
Q3·	Consider the database graph given as under:	CO-6	9	
		4		
		<i>9</i> 00.		
		₩.		
	Show that the given below schedule of transactions is working			
	as per the graph-based protocol or not:			
	T1 T2 T3			
	Lock X(B)			
	Lock X(D)			
	Lock X(H) Unlock (D)	•		
,	Lock X(E)	:		
	Lock X(D)			
	Unlock (B) Unlock (E)			
	Lock X(B)	,		
	Lock X(E)			
	Unlock (H)			
	Lock X(G) Unlock (D)			
	Lock X(D)			
	Lock X(H)			
	Unlock (D)			
	Unlock (H) Unlock (E)			
	Unlock (B)			
	Unlock (G)			
A STATE OF THE STA				
04	(a) Consider a hard disk in which block size is of 1000B,	CO-6	5+5	
\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	each record is of 250 B and total number of records are			
X.	10000. The index table entry is of 20 B(Key Size: 10 B,			
	Pointer Size: 10 B). What is the average time complexity			
	to search a record from hard disk if index table is			
	maintained as sparse and dense way?			
	(b) Consider a B+ tree with key size 10 B, block size 512 B, data pointer size 5 B. What is the order of leaf and non			
	leaf node in the B+ tree?			
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