

JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT

TEST -2 EXAMINATION-2024

B.Tech-VI Semester (ECE)

COURSE CODE(CREDITS): 18B1WEC737 (3)

MAX. MARKS: 25

COURSE NAME: ROBOTIC SYSTEMS AND CONTROL

COURSE INSTRUCTORS: Dr Emjee Puthooran

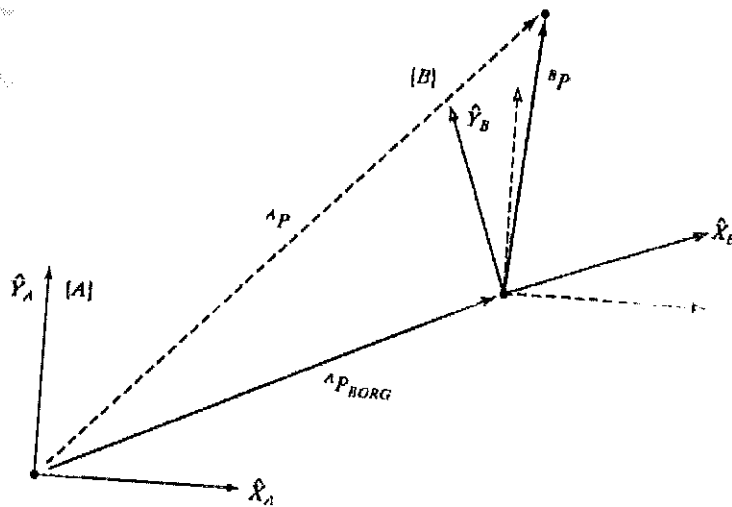
MAX. TIME: 1 Hour 30 Minutes

Note: (a) All questions are compulsory.

(b) Marks are indicated against each question in square brackets.

(c) The candidate is allowed to make Suitable numeric assumptions wherever required for solving problems

- Q1. What is an actuator? Describe the working of a stepper motor. What are the advantages of a stepper motor over a dc motor? [CO2, 2M]
- Q2. Describe the concept of degrees of freedom in Robotics. How are they calculated and what do they signify in terms of motion? [CO3, 2M]
- Q3. What is the use of an accelerometer and gyroscope for a self-balancing robot? Briefly describe its implementation. [CO2, 3M]
- Q4. How do Cartesian, Cylindrical, and Spherical classifications categorize robots based on their coordinate systems? Provide examples of each type and discuss their applications in various industries. [CO3, 3M]
- Q5. Figure shows a frame $\{B\}$ that is rotated relative to frame $\{A\}$ about Z axis by 30 degrees, translated 4 units in \hat{X}_A , and translated 2 units in \hat{Y}_A . Here, \hat{Z} is pointing out of the page. A position vector in frame $\{B\}$ is given by, ${}^B P = [1 \ 3 \ 0]^T$. What is its position vector with respect to frame $\{A\}$? [CO3, 5M]



Q6. It is desired to rotate a position vector ${}^A P$ in frame $\{A\}$ about \hat{Y}_A by 30 degrees and translate it 3 units in \hat{X} and 5 units in \hat{Y} . Find the operator T which can perform the rotation and translation. [CO3, 5M]

Q7. The following frame definitions are given as known:

$${}^U T_A = \begin{bmatrix} 0.866 & -0.500 & 0.000 & 11.0 \\ 0.500 & 0.866 & 0.000 & -1.0 \\ 0.000 & 0.000 & 1.000 & 8.0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix},$$

$${}^B T_A = \begin{bmatrix} 1.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.0 \\ 0.000 & 0.866 & -0.500 & 10.0 \\ 0.000 & 0.500 & 0.866 & -20.0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix},$$

$${}^C T_U = \begin{bmatrix} 0.866 & -0.500 & 0.000 & -3.0 \\ 0.433 & 0.750 & -0.500 & -3.0 \\ 0.250 & 0.433 & 0.866 & 3.0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Draw a frame diagram and solve for ${}^B T_C$.

[CO3, 5M]