JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT TEST -3 EXAMINATIONS-2023

B.Tech-Vth Semester (Civil)

COURSE CODE (CREDITS): 18B11CE511(3)	MAX. MARKS: 35
COURSE NAME: Highway Engineering	
COURSE INSTRUCTORS: Dr. Amardeep	MAX. TIME: 2 Hour
Note: All questions are compulsory. Marks are indicated against each	question in square
brackets.	
Q1. At a right angled intersection of two roads, Road 1 has four lanes	with a total width of 12 m
and Road 2 has two lanes with a total width of 6.6 m. The volume	of traffic approaching the
intersection during deign hour are 900 an 743 PCU/hour on the two	
278 and 180 PCU/hour on the two approaches of Road 2. Design th	
per IRC guidelines. [CO5]	[6]
Q2. Discuss in detail about the different warrants required for	[4]
installation. [CO5] O3. Solve the following:- [CO1]	וין
a) Minimum green time required for vehicular for any of the approx	ach is seconds
b) Gradient on a highway is 1 in 20. Radius of the curve i	5 200 m. calculate glade
compensation.	
c) Intermediate sight distance is equal totimes SSD	
d) As per IRC the maximum superelevation that can be provided	on hill road not bound by
snow is	
e) Define gradient and state any four types of gradients.	(5X1 = 5)
	,
Q4. Please specify the PCU values of Bus, Car and Two Wheeler at	
Kerb parking for an urban road. [CO3]	[1]
Q5. Please discuss the application of origin and destination study in d	
different methods of the same. [CO3]	[2]
Q6. The speed of overtaking and overtaken vehicles are 80 kmph and two way traffic road. If the acceleration of the overtaking vehicle is 0	
overtaking sight distance. [CO2 & 3]	.9 hysec, careatate the safe
Q7. A major district road of WBM is to be constructed for a width of	
region. Calculate the height of the crown with respect to the edges. [C	
Q8. A car follows a slow moving truck (travelling at a speed of 20 m	
highway. The car reduces its speed to 10 m/s and follows the truck n	

m from the truck. On finding a clear gap in the opposing traffic stream, the car accelerates at an average rate of 4 m/s2, overtakes the truck and returns to its original lane. When it returns to its original lane, the distance between the car and the truck is 16 m. The total distance covered by the car during this period (from the time it leaves its lane and subsequently returns to its lane after overtaking). [CO3]

a. 64 m b. 72 m c. 128 m d. 144 m

[3]

- Q9. Design a bituminous pavement with granular base and subbase layer using the following data:
 - i. Four lane divided highway
 - ii. Initial traffic = 5000 cvpd (two way)
- iii. Traffic growth rate = 6%
- iv. Design life = 20 years
- v. VDF = 5.2 (same for both direction)
- vi. CBR = 7%
- vii. Marshall mix design carried out on the bituminous mix to be used in the bottom bituminous layer (DBM) for an air void content of 3% resulted in an effective bitumen content (by volume) of 11.5%.

 [CO-3] [6]

Q10. A road in a hilly terrain is to be laid at a gradient of 4.5%. A horizontal curve of radius 100 m is laid at a location on this road. Gradient needs to be eased due to combination of curved horizontal and vertical profile of the road. What will be the compensated gradient (in %) as per IRC?

[CO-4][4]