

JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT
TEST-2 EXAMINATION - 2023
B. Tech-V Semester (CSE)

COURSE CODE (CREDITS): 18B11CI515 (3)

MAX. MARKS: 25

COURSE NAME: Computer Graphics

MAX. TIME: 1 Hour 30 Minutes

COURSE INSTRUCTORS: Dr. Amol Vasudeva, Dr. Nancy Singla, Dr. Anita, and Sh. Prateek

Note:

- (a) All questions are compulsory.
(b) Marks are indicated against each question in square brackets.
(c) The candidate is allowed to make suitable numeric assumptions wherever required for solving problems

1. Consider a 2D rectangle ABCD where $A=(0,0)$, $B=(2,0)$, $C=(2,1)$ and $D=(0,1)$. We want to apply a 2D transformation to this rectangle which makes it a parallelogram ABEF where $E=(3,1)$ and $F=(1,1)$.
 - (a) What kind of 2D-transformation is this? Explain.
 - (b) Mention the 3x3 transformation matrix M to achieve the given transformation?
 - (c) What additional transformation N we would need to apply to ABEF to get the parallelogram A'B'E'F', where $A'=(2,1)$, $B'=(4,1)$, $E'=(5,2)$, and $F'=(3,2)$?
 - (d) What is the final concatenated matrix in terms of M and N that will transform ABCD to A'B'E'F'? (CO-3) [1+1+2+3=7 marks]

2. Rotate a triangle placed at $A(0,0)$, $B(1,1)$ and $C(5,2)$ by an angle 45 degrees in anti-clockwise direction with respect to point $P(-1,-1)$. Obtain the composite transformation matrix and the coordinates of the rotated triangle. (CO-3) [5 marks]

3. Use the Cohen-Sutherland algorithm to clip two lines $P1(35,10)-P2(65,40)$ and $P3(65,20)-P4(95,10)$ against a window $A(50,10)$, $B(80,10)$, $C(80,40)$ and $D(50,40)$. (CO-2) [6 marks]

4.
 - (a) Describe Sutherland-Hodgeman Polygon clipping algorithm.
 - (b) Apply various steps of Sutherland-Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm (starting from vertex v_1 in counterclockwise direction) to clip the polygon given in the figure below. Draw the final polygon thus obtained after clipping. (CO-2) [3+4=7 marks]

